





Pityriasis Rubra Pilaris is a rare, chronic, relapsing, inflammatory skin condition characterized by orange-red scaly patches and follicular hyperkeratosis. It is often associated with paronychia and alopecia. The condition is thought to be a form of psoriasis. It is more common in children and young adults. The etiology is unknown, but it is considered to be an autoimmune disorder. The disease is usually self-limiting, but it can persist for years. Treatment is usually with systemic retinoids and phototherapy. The prognosis is generally good, with most patients achieving long-term remission.

Consider **psoriasis** and **paronychia variabilis**
Always Rule out **psoriasis** and **paronychia variabilis**
Systemic **retinoids** and **phototherapy**