











Reiters Disease

Reiter's disease is a sterile arthritis associated in most cases with a distant infection causing enteritis or

In uncircumcised men, balanitis circinata presents as superficial crusted erosions forming a serpiginous

Histopathology .

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Early pustular lesions on the palms or soles show a spongiform macropustule in

As the lesions age, the parakeratotic cornified layer thickens considerably, which correlates with the keratin

Pathogenesis

Most cases of Reiter's disease are probably caused by *Shigella* probably *S. flexneri* and *S. sonnei*.

827 positive ; however, the precise role of this major histocompatibility class I antigen in the development

A close relationship to psoriasis has been assumed for the cutaneous lesions because of their clinical re

Differential Diagnosis .

The early spongiform pustule seen in Reiter's disease is

