

Superficial Spreading Melanoma

Superficial spreading melanoma, also referred to as pagetoid melanoma, is the most frequent form of m

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Histopathology		
Architectural pattern fe	atures of importance in	the diagnosis include the large diameter of the lesions, p
Cytologically,	the lesional cells are r	ather uniform and have abundant cytoplasm containing
When the lesion is	in situ,	the basement membrane is intact and there are no lea
Histogenesis		On electron microscopic examination, melano-somes

Superficial spreading melanoma in situ = 000000000 0000000 000000 000000 00 00
more likely than other melanomas to be associated with BRAF or NRAS mutations . These evolving ger
Differential Diagnosis . A junctional nevus differinficial spreadingente
When tumorigenic vertical growth phase is present, it does not differ appreciably from that in any other to
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antigen and keratin and are negative for HMB-45 and Melan-A. S100 reactivity, although unusual, may
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A final pitfall in evaluating nonmelanocytic mimics of intraepidermal melanoma involves the variable te