











LEUKOPLAKIA is a precancerous condition of the oral cavity. It is characterized by white patches or plaques on the mucous membranes of the mouth. These patches are caused by chronic irritation and inflammation of the oral mucosa. The most common sites for leukoplakia are the buccal mucosa (inner surface of the cheeks), the floor of the mouth, and the lower lip. The patches can be flat or raised, and they may have a variety of colors, including white, yellow, and red. In some cases, leukoplakia can progress to oral cancer, so it is important to have any white patches in the mouth checked by a healthcare professional.

ERYTHRAEMA is a condition of the skin characterized by red, inflamed patches. It is often caused by an allergic reaction to a substance, such as a medication or a food. The patches are typically well-defined and may be accompanied by itching or burning. Erythema can occur on any part of the body, but it is most common on the face, neck, and arms. In some cases, erythema can be a sign of a more serious condition, such as a systemic disease. If you have a red, inflamed patch on your skin, it is important to see a healthcare professional for a proper diagnosis and treatment.

ERYTHROPLAKIA is a condition of the oral cavity characterized by red, inflamed patches. It is often caused by an allergic reaction to a substance, such as a medication or a food. The patches are typically well-defined and may be accompanied by itching or burning. Erythroplakia can occur on any part of the mouth, but it is most common on the buccal mucosa (inner surface of the cheeks) and the floor of the mouth. In some cases, erythroplakia can be a sign of a more serious condition, such as oral cancer. If you have a red, inflamed patch in your mouth, it is important to see a healthcare professional for a proper diagnosis and treatment.